



Gabapentin is a prescription medication commonly used to treat neuropathic pain and epilepsy. As of October 1, 2025, in Montana, gabapentin is classified as a Schedule V controlled substance, with increased prescribing and dispensing regulations. Prescriptions for gabapentin must include the prescriber's Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) number and comply with DEA security requirements for Schedule V substances.

Gabapentin prescriptions expire six months after the written date and may have up to five refills. Electronic prescriptions must adhere to the DEA's electronic prescribing of controlled substances requirements. Pharmacies must verify identity when dispensing gabapentin and report all dispensations to state prescription drug monitoring programs (PDMPs).

Other regions, like the UK, classify gabapentin as a Schedule 3 controlled drug and limit prescriptions to a 30-day supply due to concerns about misuse and dependence. Similar regulations and reporting requirements are being adopted in various U.S. states to control potential abuse.

Gabapentin is not a federally controlled substance in all U.S. states yet, but increasing evidence of misuse has led to tighter controls in some jurisdictions. Patients can only buy gabapentin online legally with a valid prescription from a licensed healthcare provider, and it should be dispensed from authorized pharmacies compliant with local laws.

In summary, limited stock or controlled substance status in some states means buying gabapentin online legally requires compliance with stricter prescription rules, including

valid DEA-registered prescriptions, identity verification, and monitoring through prescription drug registries.